



Eagleston Holly

Ilex x attenuata 'Eagleston'

Height: 18 feet

Spread: 14 feet

Sunlight: ☉ ●

Hardiness Zone: 6b

Description:

This hybrid is a pyramidal broadleaf evergreen can be massed as a screen or grown from a single trunk like a small tree; spiny green, glossy foliage is quiet beautiful; an abundance of showy red berries in winter; needs male pollinator

Ornamental Features

Eagleston Holly is primarily grown for its highly ornamental fruit. It features an abundance of magnificent red berries from mid fall to late winter. It has dark green evergreen foliage which emerges chartreuse in spring. The spiny pointy leaves remain dark green throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Eagleston Holly is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a distinctive and refined pyramidal form. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. It is a good choice for attracting birds and bees to your yard. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Eagleston Holly is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use



Eagleston Holly
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Eagleston Holly foliage
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Eagleston Holly will grow to be about 18 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 14 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more. This is a female variety of the species which requires a male selection of the same species growing nearby in order to set fruit.

This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth, but will die in standing water. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is very fussy about its soil conditions and must have rich, acidic soils to ensure success, and is subject to chlorosis (yellowing) of the foliage in alkaline soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.